

SOLUTION 2.2

1) Total annual costs = $(1,000 \times 10) + (10 \times 1,000 / Q) + (2 \times Q / 2)$

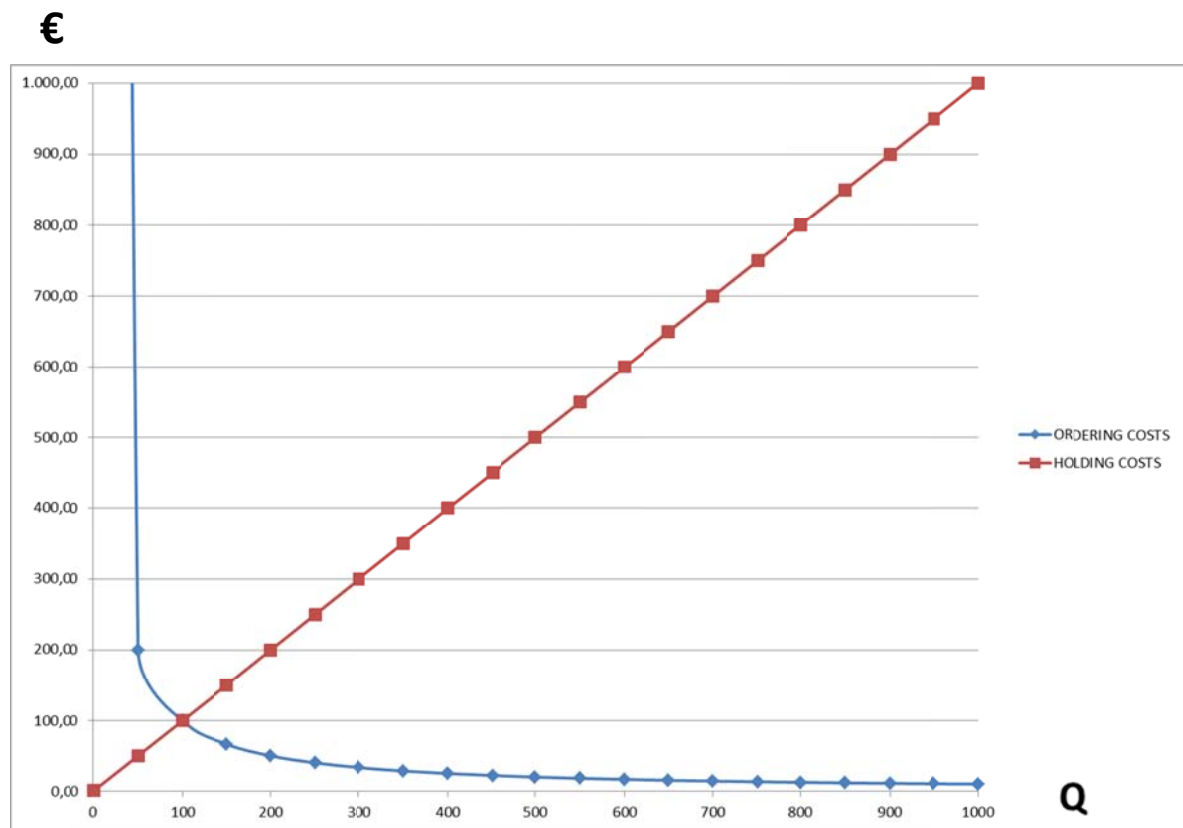
In order to minimize total costs:

$$-10,000 / Q^2 + 1 = 0$$

Q = 100 kg per order (10 orders)

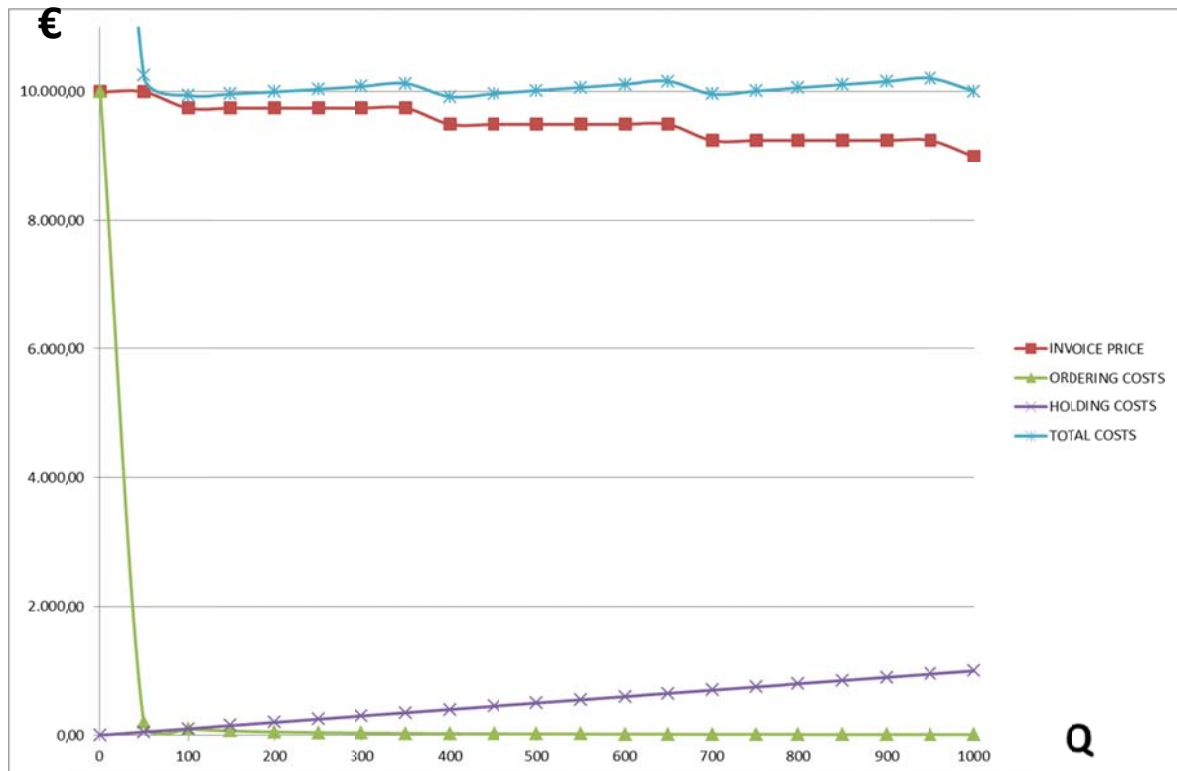
Total annual costs = €10,200

Q	ORDERING COSTS	HOLDING COSTS	TOTAL
1	10,000.00	1	20,001.00
50	200.00	50	10,250.00
100	100.00	100	10,200.00
150	66.67	150	10,216.67
200	50.00	200	10,250.00
250	40.00	250	10,290.00
300	33.33	300	10,333.33
350	28.57	350	10,378.57
400	25.00	400	10,425.00
450	22.22	450	10,472.22
500	20.00	500	10,520.00
550	18.18	550	10,568.18
600	16.67	600	10,616.67
650	15.38	650	10,665.38
700	14.29	700	10,714.29
750	13.33	750	10,763.33
800	12.50	800	10,812.50
850	11.76	850	10,861.76
900	11.11	900	10,911.11
950	10.53	950	10,960.53
1,000	10.00	1,000	11,010.00



- 2) As this supplier offers bulk discounts, the EOQ model cannot be used. Let's use a spreadsheet to calculate total costs:

Q	PURCHASING PRICE	INVOICE PRICE	ORDERING COSTS	HOLDING COSTS	TOTAL COSTS
1	10	10,000.00	10,000.00	1	20,001.00
50	10	10,000.00	200.00	50	10,250.00
100	9.75	9,750.00	100.00	100	9,950.00
150	9.75	9,750.00	66.67	150	9,966.67
200	9.75	9,750.00	50.00	200	10,000.00
250	9.75	9,750.00	40.00	250	10,040.00
300	9.75	9,750.00	33.33	300	10,083.33
350	9.75	9,750.00	28.57	350	10,128.57
400	9.5	9,500.00	25.00	400	9,925.00
450	9.5	9,500.00	22.22	450	9,972.22
500	9.5	9,500.00	20.00	500	10,020.00
550	9.5	9,500.00	18.18	550	10,068.18
600	9.5	9,500.00	16.67	600	10,116.67
650	9.5	9,500.00	15.38	650	10,165.38
700	9.25	9,250.00	14.29	700	9,964.29
750	9.25	9,250.00	13.33	750	10,013.33
800	9.25	9,250.00	12.50	800	10,062.50
850	9.25	9,250.00	11.76	850	10,111.76
900	9.25	9,250.00	11.11	900	10,161.11
950	9.25	9,250.00	10.53	950	10,210.53
1,000	9	9,000.00	10.00	1,000	10,010.00



Total costs are minimized if $Q = 400$ units per order

Total costs: €9,925